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MUNICIPAL COUNCIL PLANNED H.E. The Governor Brings News Of Important Constitutional Changes Soon Civil Government Returns To Hong Kong

PLANS FOR INITIATING IMPORTANT CONSTITUTIONAL CHANGES, GIVING THE PEOPLE OF HONG KONG A FULLER AND MORE RESPONSIBLE SHARE IN GOVERNMENT, WERE ANNOUNCED BY HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR, SIR MARK YOUNG, DURING COLOURFUL GOVERNMENT HOUSE CEREMONIES MARKING THE RETURN TO CIVIL GOVERNMENT.

HIS MAJESTY'S GOVERNMENT, H.E. REVEALED, HAVE IN MIND THE CREATION OF A MUNICIPAL COUNCIL, TO WHICH WOULD BE HANDED OVER CERTAIN FUNCTIONS OF INTERNAL ADMINISTRATION, AND WHICH WOULD BE CONSTITUTED ON A FULLY REPRESENTATIVE BASIS.

MacArthur Murder Plot

Tokyo, May 1.—General Douglas MacArthur's military secretary and officers in the counter-intelligence and criminal investigation divisions said today that "no further developments" have been forthcoming in the reported plot to assassinate General MacArthur.

The informer who advised the authorities of the alleged plot is still under surveillance. The search is being continued for the men who were reported to have planned to kill the Supreme Commander on an incident to today's May Day demonstrations.—Associated Press.

QUESTION ON ENSA IN COMMONS

London, May 1.—Mr. Evelyn Walkden, Labour M.P. for Doncaster, made an attack on what he called "the old gang at Drury Lane" in the House of Commons today. He raised the question of ENSA.

He said that it had been indicated that the total expenditure for ENSA was to be reduced from £4,000,000 to £3,500,000 this year. If it were examined per capita it would be found that the cost of ENSA on a soldier's pay last year was 18/- per person whereas this year it would be 35/-.

Was this, Mr. Walkden asked, economy? The old gang at Drury Lane, Colonel Blimms of theatreland, knew where the money was going.

Mr. Walkden referred to "that much travelled gentleman"—much travelled at public expense—Basil Dean with his £3,000 yearly salary, unlimited expenses, free car and chauffeur, two secretaries, medical expenses, uniforms and ribbons as well, all of which were paid for by soldiers, sailors and airmen.

"He has been since the NAACP took over very generously rewarded that Field Marshal Montgomery or even the Lord President himself," Mr. Walkden continued.

"There is a nice little carve up taking place," observed Mr. Walkden, who stated that Mr. Dean's salary was £3,000 yearly, unlimited expenses, free car and chauffeur, two secretaries, medical expenses, uniforms and ribbons as well, all of which were paid for by soldiers, sailors and airmen.

Mr. Glenville Hall, Secretary to the Treasury, said that there was a good deal to be said for those who ran the ENSA.

"We must recognise that Mr. Dean has fulfilled a great and useful function to the state during the last six years," said Mr. Hall. The organisation was coming to an end in August and thereafter the Service themselves would find their own entertainment out of NAACP funds.

Mr. Basil Dean, commenting on Mr. Walkden's remarks, said: "I invite him to repeat his charges outside the privilege of that place."—Reuter.

AMERICANS RESCUED

Mukden, May 1.—Major Robert D. Rigg, assistant American military attaché, arrived here by air yesterday with Master Sergeant Clayton Ford and reported both were well treated after Chinese Communists captured them at Changchun.

"Heavy fighting prevented me and the pilot from reaching the west airfield for several days," Rigg said. "We were caught in the midst of heavy crossfire and finally forced to occupy a cellar."

Rigg said Maj. Gen. Rao Chung ordered his staff officers to secure fuel and food for them and the general personally escorted the Americans to the airfield for their departure. He said the city had remained in normal life before they left.—Associated Press.

THE WRNS DID NOT OBJECT

Colombo, May 1.—Rear-Admiral J. M. Mansfield, Flag Officer Ceylon, in a communication to the press, denies that the cause for the disembarkation of Mrs. Leslie Williams, the Ceylon wife of a Royal Marine from the "Orion" was objections raised by members of the WRNS.

He says, "The statement that the reason for her being refused accommodation was because of objections raised by members of the WRNS is entirely without foundation. Not only did the WRNS personnel concerned have no previous knowledge of their own berthing arrangements, but they certainly had no idea that Mrs. Williams was being embarked, or for that matter of Mrs. Williams' existence."

The Flag Officer does not give any reason why Mrs. Williams was disembarked.—Reuter.

"Atom Scientist" Sentenced

London, May 1.—Dr. Alan May, 34-year-old London scientist, was sentenced to ten years penal servitude at the Old Bailey here today after pleading guilty to communicating information regarding atomic energy to an unknown person.

May, who had been to Canada on a secret mission concerning atomic energy, was arrested on March 4 at King's College, London, where he is a reader in Physics, just as he had finished a lecture.

The Attorney-General, Sir Hartley Shawcross, said that May had information about the latest developments in atomic research in Britain, Canada and (to some extent) the United States, where he had done research work. There was suspicion that he had been betraying his trust and after he came back to England, he was interviewed by an intelligence officer and expressed ignorance of any leakage.

Later, he admitted that he had not kept an appointment but had decided to "wash his hands of the whole business." May then made a statement in which he said that he had been approached in Montreal about a year ago by an individual whose identity he would not divulge. He gave the man "a routine report" on atomic research which had since been published.

Sir Hartley remarked that by no means were all the information published.

May's statement added: "The man gave me some dollars—I forgot how many—and I accepted against my will. I only embarked on it because I thought this was a contribution I could make for the safety of mankind. I did not do it for gain."

Gerald Gardner, defending, said: "May tells me the person to whom he gave his information was a Russian."—Reuter.

Given To Russians

The defence counsel said flatly that the information was given to the Russians and that at the time of the offence—February of 1944—Government had offered all possible technical or economic assistance to Russia.

NO DECISION, HOWEVER, HAS BEEN TAKEN ON THE METHODS OF GIVING EFFECT TO THE POLICY OF H.M. GOVERNMENT, WHICH WILL BE THOROUGHLY EXAMINED IN HONG KONG AND ADAPTED TO THE VIEWS AND WISHES OF THE INHABITANTS.

THE IMMEDIATE AIM IS TO SETTLE AND ANNOUNCE BEFORE THE END OF THE YEAR THE PRINCIPLES UPON WHICH THE NEW MEASURES OF SELF-GOVERNMENT WILL BE BASED.

More than 300 prominent residents of the Colony, Chinese and foreign, were at Government House to join in the welcome to Sir Mark Young and witness the historic ceremony, at which Vice-Admiral Sir Cecil Harcourt announced the termination of the British Military Administration.

SECRETARY OF STATE'S MESSAGE

The following message to the people of Hong Kong from the Secretary of State for the Colonies was received yesterday by H.E. the Governor:

"During the long years of enemy oppression our thoughts were constantly with you in admiration of the fortitude with which you bore the hardships and indignities of that time. The day of victory came at length and for the past eight months the Military Administration have carried out splendid work in the face of innumerable difficulties speeding the recovery of the Colony from the effects of Japanese tyranny."

The restoration of Civil Government marks a milestone in this progress. Difficult times must be expected but with the able co-operation of all sections of the community I believe that Hong Kong will form a link where East and West may meet in common understanding.

It is with pleasure and a deep sense of pride that I add to the gracious message which has been sent to you from H.M. the King my own sincere greetings to all the people of Hong Kong.

His Excellency replied in the following terms: "Your sympathetic and encouraging message was received by me today after the conclusion of the ceremony at which I resumed the Government of the Colony. It was not therefore possible for me to deliver it at that ceremony but I am now glad to do so in the fullest publicity."

"On behalf of the people of Hong Kong I tender our most sincere thanks to you for your greetings and for the confidence you have in the future of Hong Kong."

H.E.'s Reply

The following telegram was sent by H.E. the Governor, Sir Mark Young, to the Secretary of State for the Colonies yesterday: "In reply to the gracious message from His Majesty the King which I have today delivered to the people of Hong Kong I beg that the profound gratitude of all inhabitants of the Colony may be expressed with humble duty for the greetings and good wishes which Their Majesties the King and Queen have been pleased to send and that His Majesty may be assured of the firm determination of the people of Hong Kong to do all in their power to justify the confidence which His Majesty has been pleased to place in them."—GOVERNOR.

Following the unfurling of the Union Jack at the flagstaff of Government House and the firing of a 17-gun salute in honour of H.E. Sir Mark Young, the Proclamation bringing to an end the British Military Administration in Hong Kong was read by H.E. Vice-Admiral Sir Cecil Harcourt.

Addressing His Excellency the Governor, Sir Cecil Harcourt then said:

"Today is a great occasion—a very great occasion for Hong Kong. We had a great occasion on 30th August, last year when we entered Hong Kong—but that was only a beginning. Today, eight months later, we have progressed sufficiently to take a big step forward. Today we welcome your Excellency on your return to the Colony and we welcome also the restoration of the Civil Government."

(Continued on Page 8)

AIR C-IN-C, SEAC

London, Apr. 30.—Air Marshal Sir George Pirie has been appointed Air Commander-in-Chief, Headquarters, Air Command South-East Asia, to succeed Air Chief Marshal Sir Keith Park, the Air Ministry announces. The appointment is effective immediately.

Air Marshal Pirie has been Deputy Commander-in-Chief South-East Asia Command since June, 1945. From 1939 to 1941 he was British Air Attache in Washington.—Reuter.

U.S.S. 'SOLAR' EXPLODES

Earle, New Jersey, May 1.—Eight men are missing and eighty were injured today in two explosions which sank the virtually demolished destroyer escort, U.S.S. Solar, in lower New York Bay off Earle Naval Depot. The casualty estimate is incomplete.

The ship blew up as ammunition was being unloaded. Most of the personnel got clear after a moderate initial blast. The second explosion, of major violence, demolished a lighter across the pier which extends two and a half miles into the bay and other vessels hauled out into the bay.

A railroad car loaded with ammunition also blew up.—Associated Press.

JUST SO MUCH PROPAGANDA

Hilo, Hawaii, May 1.—Acting Police Chief Anthony Paul said today that he is questioning a Japanese, 51-years old, and his wife as to why they flew the Japanese flag over their home on Monday, the day of Emperor Hirohito's birthday.

On the banner of the Rising Sun was inscribed in Japanese, "To the Japanese Emperor, Ban-ai. To the Japanese Army, Ban-ai. To the Japanese Navy, Ban-ai."

Paul stated that the man said that he thought the Japanese had won the war and that Emperor Hirohito had granted the United States a benevolent peace and that all the newspaper accounts of the Japanese surrender were just so much propaganda.—Associated Press.

U.S. NATIONAL GUARD

Washington, May 1.—Plans for a National Guard, double the pre-war strength will be outlined by Secretary of War Patterson at the first post-war meeting of the Adjutants-General of the United States in.

Senate Attack On British Loan

Washington, May 1.—An impending attack that could sweep the \$3,750,000 British loan out of the Senate without a vote on the bill itself took form as Senator Edwin C. Johnson, Democrat of Colorado, told reporters that he planned within the next day or so, to move a point of order.

This is a Parliamentary manoeuvre which, if sustained, would bring Senate consideration of the loan to an immediate halt.

Senator Johnson said he will contend that the bill under which Congress would approve the financial arrangements made with Britain is a revenue-raising measure and under the Constitution of the United States it must be approved by the House of Representatives before the Senate can act.

By laws of custom, Johnson's point of order would go to a direct vote of the Senate without a ruling by the presiding officer because constitutional

FOREIGN MINISTERS DISCUSS TRIESTE

Paris, May 1.

The Foreign Ministers Council yesterday turned its attention to the Italo-Yugoslav frontier and Trieste amid reports that Russia still demanded the key Adriatic port for Marshal Tito's regime.

The Foreign Ministers of France, Britain, the United States and the Soviet Union took up the report from a four-power commission of enquiry on the Italian-Yugoslav border.

Contrary to earlier reports that the commission's findings were unanimous, they were said to include majority and minority recommendations.

Britain, France and the United States were known to favour dividing the Istrian Peninsula along a "language line" which would give Trieste to Italy and assign most of the interland to the Yugoslavs.

Under the plan sponsored by the three western powers, Trieste would become a free port under Italian sovereignty, to give Austria, Hungary and other Central European nations access to the sea.

French officialdom expressed great interest in Secretary of State James F. Byrnes' proposal for a 25-year mutual assistance pact with Russia, Britain and France, to insure German disarmament, but added it was not the whole answer.

French circles insisted that the Ruhr and the Rhineland arsenals would have to be taken from German management if clandestine armament is to be prevented.

Under the Byrnes proposal, Germany would be forbidden to maintain any armed forces or munitions plants and all industry and research establishments in the Reich would be opened to the four-power allied inspection experts.

Meanwhile, a group of Italian naval experts who arrived in Paris on Monday placed before the Council the fact of Italy's co-belligerency after her surrender and said the honour and peace "of Italy's people were at stake."

The Ministers decided to work double shifts beginning on Wednesday. There were differences of opinion even on what constituted a holiday. Foreign Minister Molotov proposed a conference recess on Wednesday because May Day is an important holiday in Russia, but he was voted down by the other three Ministers.—Associated Press.

Bulgaria's Claim

London, May 1.—Moscow radio quoted a Tass dispatch yesterday from Sofia saying that Bulgaria had submitted a memorandum to the Foreign Ministers Conference in Paris asking that Western Thrace be taken from Greece and turned over to Bulgaria.

The cession of western Thrace which was taken from Bulgaria after the first world war would give the country an outlet on the Aegean Sea.—Associated Press.

Washington on May 2. The Guards reached a peak strength of 300,000 before the recent war.—Associated Press.

Schacht Says Der Fuehrer Was A Liar

Nuernberg, May 1.

Hjalmar Schacht, reputed wizard of Nazi finance, called Adolf Hitler a liar, semi-educated and semi-intellectual and termed him as a mass psychologist of diabolical schemes who could whip large masses of people into a frenzy.

The former German Minister of Economics and president of the German Reichsbank, was the fourth Nazi defendant to face the International Military Tribunal here today, and attempted, in a four-hour testimony, to represent himself as one who "favoured the settlement of Germany's needs by peaceful negotiations."

He stated that when he joined the first Hitler Cabinet "to put myself at the disposal of my country and to try to guide Hitler into the right channels" he had no other idea in mind.

He said that he later found Hitler to be a deceiver who "broke all pledges and promises that he made to the German people and myself" and he claimed that he became a plotter against Hitler when he was finally convinced that the Fuehrer had become a deceiver who was heading for war.—Associated Press.

TROOPSHIP AGROUND

Belfast, May 1.

As dawn broke over the Irish Sea today, three lifeboats were alongside the 7,600-ton American troopship "Georgetown Victory," which holed in two places, went aground at Killard Point, at the entrance of Strangford Lough, a few miles south of Belfast, shortly after midnight.

The "Georgetown Victory," built last year, was under orders from the United States Marine Commission.

The latest news from the troopships said that she was settling down in the sand and was in no immediate danger. She was reported to be fast aground 100 yards off shore with her back apparently broken. Owing to rocks, it was not possible for the men to find their way ashore by their own efforts, the report added.—Reuter.

Niemoller Unpopular

London, May 1.—A great fight is going on within the churches inside Germany over the issue of repentance for war guilt, Dr. W. A. Hoost, General Secretary of the World Council of Churches, declared at the opening session of the British Council of Churches in London today.

Pastors who followed Pastor Niemoller's example and preached the necessity for repentance met with definite opposition both within the Church and outside. Dr. Hoost said. Many of them had found "Death to the friend of England—Niemoller!" written on the walls of their churches.—Reuter.

THE WEATHER

Today's forecast: Fair with variable amounts of cloud; light variable winds.

Yesterday's temperatures, etc.:—
Maximum—90 deg. at 4 p.m.
Minimum—50 deg. at 6 a.m.
Rainfall—0.46 inches.
Wind—S.W. 10 m.p.h.
Sun—11.45 hours.
Moon—11.45 hours.
Barometer—30.1 inches.

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British Economy

Britain's Government is committed by its election pledges to take over the following industries: coal mines, gas and electricity, iron and steel, railroads and road transport. They have already nationalised the Bank of England and civil aviation. It will probably take them the full five years of the new Parliament to carry through all these far-reaching measures. At the end of this programme, 80 per cent. of British industry and commerce will still be in private hands. This situation presents the Government with a dilemma and one which may produce an increasingly serious split among their fellows. If they pursue a stream-roller policy towards private enterprise, they are bound to create a serious economic crisis. If, on the other hand, the Government decides that the success of their schemes for nationalisation requires that they should give a free hand to those industries which they are not prepared to nationalise, they will incur criticism from the extremist wing of the Labour Party, whose economic doctrines consist, in the main, of attacks on the "profit motive." It is probable that moderate opinion inside the Government will prevail—at any rate, to begin with. But even if this should be so, and a genuine attempt is made to give private ownership a chance to function, Britain cannot immediately regain the prosperity she knew before the war. Still less can she hope, in the near future, to make that advance without which all the great schemes of social reform to which the Government is committed would prove an intolerable financial burden.

If, therefore, in two or three years' time, despite the Government's control, everybody is worse off, convinced Marxists like Professor Harold Laski and Sir Stafford Cripps will use this as an argument for more rather than less government control. They will say, "Of course, if you tinker about with business and take over industry in such a half-hearted fashion, you are bound to get the worst of both worlds. If you nationalise in such a timid fashion, you will not give Socialism a chance." This seems certain to be the ground upon which great controversies will be fought out in the next two or three years. This will be the testing ground for Mr. Attlee's leadership. If he can keep his party together on a moderate policy, he may manage to weather the economic storm and justify the confidence which a majority of the British people placed in him at the last election. And he may even win a renewal of that confidence, at the next election, for a policy of gradual evolution—Socialism. But it is no easy task that he has ahead of him. There are some 40 members of the Labour Party who are crypto-Communists or fellow travellers. There are perhaps another 50 or 60 who are doctrinaire Marxists. Most of these hundred or so extremists are young, active, impatient and intelligent. They comprise the "intelligentsia" of the party and they regard the trade-union element which now predominates as reactionary and unprogressive.

Another hired bicycle driver was the victim of highway robbers about 2 a.m. yesterday when he was set upon by two men at the Waterloo Road Railway Bridge. Wong Chouk-wah reported to the Police that he had taken a passenger in Public Square Street and was driving by the railway bridge when two men leaped out and attacked him. He fled on the road with a bicycle. The bicycle was grabbed from him and the robbers made good their escape.

RESTORATION OF CIVIL GOVERNMENT TO THE COLONY OF HONG KONG



The booming of a 17-gun salute from H.M.S. "Tyne" yesterday morning and the raising of the Governor's flag over Government House yesterday morning signalled the restoration of Civil Government to the Colony of Hong Kong. The photographs above show, from left to right:—The handing-over ceremony in Government House; Sir Mark Young, H.E. the Governor, delivering his address (Sir Robert Ho Tung, far in hand, may be seen seated behind him); and Sir Mark near the main door of Government House shaking hands with the departing guests.

ADM. HARCOURT SAYS FAREWELL

Following eight months work as Commander-in-Chief of Hong Kong, during the difficult period between re-occupation and a return to more normal conditions, Vice-Admiral Sir Cecil Harcourt yesterday left the Colony for England.

Before so doing he made a signal to all ships and shore establishments conveying his personal gratitude and good wishes to Servicemen in the area.

Vice-Admiral Harcourt's signal said: "On leaving down my flag, I would like to thank everyone of you in the three Services for the great contribution you have made to the rehabilitation of Hong Kong."

"The good work you have done has been so publicly acknowledged that there remains nothing for me to say but 'well done'."

"Goodbye and, when your time comes, I wish each one of you a happy home coming."

Large Crowd

The Colony yesterday demonstrated in no uncertain terms its affection and esteem for Vice-Admiral Sir Cecil Harcourt, when long before the appointed hour the area around Queen's Pier was packed with the largest crowds that have ever gathered for an occasion of this kind.

Sir Cecil Harcourt arrived at Queen's Pier from Government House at 2.30 p.m., accompanied by Vice-Admiral J. H. Edleston, Deputy C-in-C. of the British Pacific Fleet. He was greeted on arrival by a host of friends and officials, including representatives of all sections of the community who had gathered at the pier to bid him farewell.

After inspecting the Guard of Honour drawn from the Royal Navy, Royal Marines, Commandos and the Jaipur Regiment, Sir Cecil briefly chatted with those who came to say "good-bye" before boarding the launch. The band of the Jaipur Regiment was in attendance.

Among those present were the G.O.C., Major-General F. W. Festing; the A.O.C., Air-Commodore W. A. D. Brook; Commodore D. H. Everett; Commodore B. V. Reynolds; Brigadier D. M. MacDougall; Sir Robert Ho Tung; Sir Shouson Chow; Sir Robert Kotevski; Mr. M. K. Lo; Mr. J. H. Ruttonjee; Mr. T. N. Chau; Mr. B. Wong Tape; and military and other officials of the Chinese Government.

A salute of 15 guns was fired as the launch left Queen's Pier for H.M.S. "Arconaut." The cruiser, her paying-off pennant fluttering in the breeze sailed for home at 3 p.m.

Arrivals

Mr. J. E. Henry, of Reuters, who arrived in the Colony on Tuesday, is leaving by air for Tokyo today on a short assignment. Mr. Henry, who several years before the war was Reuters manager in Hong Kong, is returning to the Colony in the near future to resume his post in succession to Mr. Astley-Hawkins, who is going on leave.

Other arrivals by air include J. F. McGowan, who is taking up duty with the Medical Department; Mr. W. Littlewood, Port Health Inspector; and Mr. T. Lunsdon, Farm Superintendent of the Dairy Farm.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL MEETS AGAIN

THE FIRST POST-WAR MEETING OF THE LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL WAS HELD YESTERDAY MORNING AT THE COLONIAL SECRETARIAT WHEN THE READINGS OF THREE BILLS PROVIDING FOR AN INDEMNITY AND VALIDATING ORDINANCE, A LAW AMENDMENT (TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS) ORDINANCE AND AN ADMINISTRATION OF JUSTICE (TRANSITIONAL PROVISIONS) ORDINANCE WERE MOVED BY THE HON. THE ATTORNEY-GENERAL, COL. G. E. STRICKLAND, AND PASSED BY THE COUNCIL.

The meeting was presided over by His Excellency the Governor and Commander-in-Chief, Sir Mark Young, G.C.M.G., and members present were the Hon. The General Officer Commanding, Major-General F. W. Festing, C.B.E., D.S.O., the Hon. Colonial Secretary, Brigadier D. M. MacDougall, C.M.G., the Hon. Attorney-General, Col. G. E. Strickland, the Hon. Secretary to the Governor, Col. G. E. Todd, the Hon. Financial Secretary, Mr. C. G. S. Follows, the Hon. Commissioner of Police, Col. C. H. Sansom, C.M.G., C.B.E., the Hon. Mr. T. M. Hazelrigg, O.B.E., M.C., the Hon. Mr. T. N. Chau, C.B.E., the Hon. Mr. M. K. Lo, C.B.E., the Hon. Mr. Leo d'Almeida, the Hon. Mr. R. D. Gillespie, the Hon. Mr. D. F. Landale and the Hon. Mr. S. N. Chau.

H.E.'s Welcome

After Members had been sworn in, His Excellency addressing the Council, said that before proceeding with the business before them, he wished to welcome Honorable Members very cordially to the Council and to congratulate them on the occasion of their taking their seats.

Whatever changes would be in store for the Council, His Excellency continued, the members of which were not yet complete in numbers, the Council was able this day to resume its sitting after a long interval. The Council, he was convinced, was destined to play in the future an important and valuable part in the life of the Colony and in the promotion of its welfare.

"I know I can look to you, Honorable Members, to join with me in upholding its tradition," His Excellency concluded. The Council then proceeded to business.

Three Bills

The Hon. The Attorney-General then moved the readings of a bill intituled: "An Ordinance to restrict the taking of legal proceedings in respect of certain acts done and payments made during the war period and to validate certain proclamations, rules, regulations, orders and other legislative acts issued, made and passed, and sentences, judgments and orders of certain courts and officers given and made during the war period."

Introducing the Bill, the Hon. The Attorney-General said: "It is usual after a war to have an Ordinance of Indemnity to cover matters both done in the emergency. The same is true after a period of Martial Law."

The measure the first reading of which I am now moving relates to the War Period, which is a period commencing on the 8th December, 1941, and terminating on such day as the Governor may declare by notification in the "Gazette." His Excellency proposed to declare the closing day as early as possible but he

leged not to have been done in good faith.

Following the reading of the Bill, the Hon. The Attorney-General moved for its adoption by the Council, this being seconded by the Hon. The Colonial Secretary and passed.

Legislative Acts

The Hon. The Attorney-General then proceeded to move the readings of a second bill intituled: "An Ordinance to provide for the incorporation into the law of the Colony of provisions of certain Proclamations and matters done thereunder promulgated during the British Military Administration together with modifications of such provisions and to amend such Ordinances as are affected by such incorporation."

In moving the adoption of this bill, the Hon. The Attorney-General said:

Having validated by the Ordinance just enacted the legislative acts of the British Military Administration, it becomes necessary to provide for the repeal of some of the measures of that Administration and the continuance with modifications of others.

The reasons for retention are explained in some detail in the Objects and Reasons to which members are referred and a list of the measures repealed has also been separately prepared and placed before members of Council.

I may say here that the retention of some measures is a temporary measure until His Excellency or His Excellency in Council can decide on and take other action.

It should, however, be recollected that the Military Administration has continued for eight months during which it has been necessary, not only to legislate in conformity with powers vested by law in the Governor-in-Council or the Governor, but to amend the law in order to provide for the unusual circumstances of the Japanese occupation and their disregard in some cases of the law of the Colony. Measures of this nature will necessarily have to remain in force for some time and some will require permanent incorporation.

Change Of Policy

The Bill contains a clause which enables the Governor-in-Council to vary the Schedules and this may prove helpful to give effect to any change of policy and also to correct any error that may have crept in to the measure that has had to be amended as late as yesterday to cover the matters in the last British Military Administration Gazette.

Following the Reading of the

ELECTION DEATHS

Manila, May 1. A dispatch to the "Manila Bulletin" yesterday reported that seventeen more persons were killed in Central Luzon raising to 28 the number of persons slain in the violence resulting from last week's election.

The dispatch said that 15 Hukbalahaps, supporters of President Sergio Osmeña, were slain and two military policemen killed in battles.—Associated Press.

Bill, the Hon. The Attorney-General moved for its adoption by the Council. The Hon. The Colonial Secretary seconded the adoption and the Bill was passed by the Council.

Trial Of Offences

The Hon. The Attorney-General then proceeded to move the readings of a third bill intituled: "An Ordinance to provide for the trial of offences committed during the British Military Administration."

Introducing the Bill, the Hon. The Attorney-General said:

A number of cases were pending before the Standing Military Courts. Of these some were still before a Summary Court and some had been committed to a General Court.

Of the latter committal proceedings had been taken in some cases, i.e. evidence was recorded by the Summary Military Court, but in others, in accordance with a provision in the Military Courts Proclamation, no evidence was recorded.

In the main two alternative courses were open. We could, as in Singapore, have provided for the Summary Military Court to continue after Civil Government for the purpose of completing all pending cases. The essence of Civil Government is trial by the ordinary Courts and it was accordingly decided to take the other alternative, of having the pending cases tried or continued by the ordinary Criminal Courts and by Magistrates, even at the risk of a certain amount of delay.

I use the expression "continued" because in cases where there has been a committal to a General Military Court and evidence was recorded by the Summary Military Court, the Bill provides for trial by the Supreme Court on indictment preferred by the Attorney-General without resorting to a fresh industrial inquiry.

This will greatly lessen the delay in these cases, of which there have been six, some taking quite a number of days in the Summary Military Court.

No Part Heard Cases

Other cases will be commenced afresh before a Magistrate. Military Courts were warned of the intention and apart from the taking of the preliminary inquiry, there are, so far as I am aware, no part heard cases. There are, of course, a number of cases in which accused has been charged and remanded.

Provision is also made by the Bill for the trial of offences, by the Supreme Court or a Magistrate respectively, committed against measures repealed by the Ordinance just enacted. Otherwise there would be no competent Court. As to measures continued, the validation and continuance, by Ordinance will be sufficient to vest jurisdiction.

The Bill was then read and its adoption was proposed by the Hon. The Attorney-General and seconded by the Hon. The Colonial Secretary and passed by the Council.

The Council then adjourned sine die.

U.S. TASK FORCE HERE

A very extensive programme of entertainment has been arranged by Royal Navy for the 4,000 men and officers of the United States Task Force 77 comprising two carriers and four destroyers.

The Force arrived yesterday morning and participated in the searchlight display given last night on the occasion of the return of Civil Government.

During their stay here, which will last five days, the Officers have been made honorary members of all the Combined Services Officers' clubs such as Gloucester, Lido and Peninsula.

LABOUR DAY

Labour Day was celebrated in Hong Kong yesterday by Chinese labour unions on a scale exceeding in scope even the celebrations of pre-war years.

On the Island labour unions engaged the Central Theatre, the Lee Theatre, Chinese Y.M.C.A. Hall and the Confucian Hall, where they congregated to celebrate the occasion.

On the mainland, the Prince Theatre was engaged for the day by the Chinese Engineers Institute for a monster meeting and for the entertainment of its members and friends.

Workers at the dockyards, with the exception of those on watch duty, had a general holiday, as also the 1,500 odd hairdressers who closed shop for the day in order to participate in the celebration.

SWING CLUB

After the successful inauguration of the Swing Club in association with the Kowloon Forces Club for D.R.s, it is expected that there will be a big attendance tomorrow evening at the second session.

The programme is based on the popular features "Duffel-Bag" and "Off the Record," with the appropriate signature tunes, with music by top-line American dance bands and songs by Bing Crosby, Frank Sinatra and Dinah Shore.

Most of the records have been lent by ZBW and compere will be LAC H. L. Norton.

CLUB DE RECREIO

NOTICE

A Meeting of members will be held at the Club Lusitano, by courtesy of the Committee, on Friday the 3rd instant at 5.30 p.m., for the following purposes:—

- To receive a general report.
- To discuss the reopening of the Club.
- To elect officers for the coming year.

H. A. NORONHA,
Hon. Secretary.

NOTICE

FUEL CONTROL

(Coal & Firewood) Section

A limited quantity of Hongay Anthracite Smokeless Briquette Fuel (Hongay Eggs) is now available to the public at the controlled price of \$12.00 per picul—delivered to consumers' households or premises in Hong Kong or Kowloon, FREE OF DELIVERY CHARGES.

Enquiries and orders to Fuel Control Dept. of S.T. & I., Mercantile Bank Bldg., 2nd fl.,

Queen's Road, Central

Hong Kong.

K.C.R. Station, Kowloon.

Phone No. 32551.

BRITISH MILITARY ADMINISTRATION HONG KONG

VEHICULAR FERRY.

On and after 1st May, 1946, it will not be necessary to obtain a permit in order to cross the harbour on the Vehicular Ferry with a civilian type vehicle.

C. B. H. DELAMAIN,
Col. DCCAO (Mil.)

Hong Kong, April 30, 1946.

Australian Beef On The Market

Although it has been necessary once again to modify the rice and flour rations, the Hong Kong Government is able to announce that Australian beef is now freely obtainable at prices at least 50 per cent. below those previously ruling in the markets.

Starting today, plentiful quantities of best quality Australian beef will be available in all market stalls in Hong Kong and Kowloon, as well as at the Daily Farm.

Best boned beef will be on sale at \$1.85 per pound and \$1.80 per catty. Soup meat and brisket will sell at 80 cents a pound and \$1.20 a catty.

Large supplies of these meats are already on the market and they will be sustained with further regular shipments.

In other words, nobody need go without meat of first class quality at prices well below those ruling for local meat.

RAJAH BROOKE'S OFFER

London, May 1. The Tuan Muda (Heir Presumptive) of Sarawak, Captain Bertram Brooke, younger brother of Sir Charles Vyner Brooke, 72-year-old white Rajah of Sarawak, left England today by air on the first stage of his journey to Sarawak.

His visit is a sequel to the recent proposal made by Sir Charles that the independent Borneo state of Sarawak, ruled by the Brooke family for more than 100 years, should be ceded to the British Government in consideration of a trust fund of £1,000,000.

Sir Charles returned to Kuching, capital of Sarawak, earlier this month, after an absence of more than four years, for consultation with his people on his proposal.

Since his arrival there have been numerous demonstrations in favour of continued Brooke Rule.

Sir Charles' explanation for his decision to cede the territory to Britain is that the time for one-man rule has passed and that he wants the resources of the British Government to be made available for the rehabilitation of Sarawak, following its occupation by the Japanese.

Asked in a recent interview what would happen if the people of Sarawak did not agree with the proposals, the Rajah said, "I shall have to carry on as the White Rajah, but I shall try again some other time." He added it was "nonsense to say that I am selling Sarawak to Britain. If the cession takes place, I personally shall be worse off than before."—Reuter.

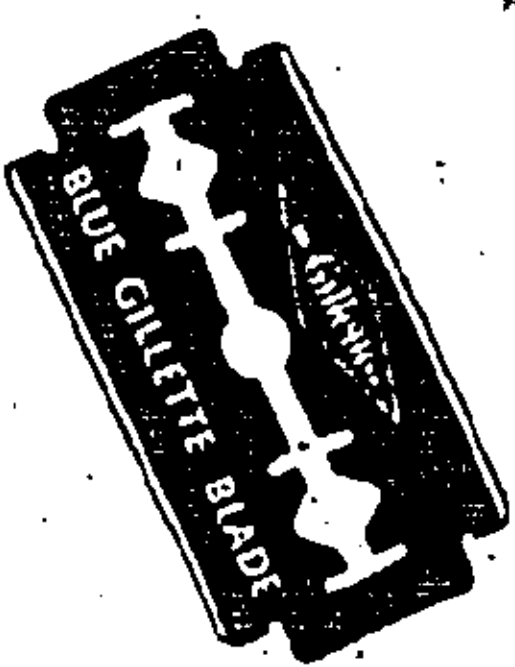
A Delicate Question

Washington, May 1. Members of the Senate Foreign Relations Committee refused to comment today on what support the United States would give Egypt if demands for evacuation of British troops should come before the United Nations.

Senator Austin said: "You could not get an answer to that if you tried all day." Senator Wagner pointed out that senators are in no position to state the United States policy. Six other senators declined emphatically to make any comment.—Associated Press.

FRANCO MONUMENT WRECKED

Barcelona, May 1. The three-ton Franco Victory monument was yesterday almost completely destroyed by a bomb explosion at dawn. The monument was erected when the victorious Franco forces entered the city in 1939.—Associated Press.



The only real test of a razor blade is whether it gives you a clean, close, smooth shave. Because Blue Gillette pass this test so capably they are preferred by millions of men all over the world.

BLUE GILLETTE Blades

W. R. Loxley & Co. (CHINA), LTD.
Agents.

AUSTRIA'S CLAIM TO TYROL Rejected By Big Four Council Of Ministers

R.A.F. Crash

Khartoum, May 1. Two Royal Air Force officers were killed when a Mosquito plane crashed during a training flight near Atbara, Egyptian Sudan, today. It is believed that the plane exploded in midair.—Reuter.

Control Of Britain's Newspapers

London, May 1. The Prime Minister, Mr. Clement Attlee, today rejected the suggestion that he should appoint a Royal Commission to investigate the ownership and control of the press in Britain.

The Labour Member, Mr. Tom Driberg, after referring to a resolution to this effect passed by the National Union of Journalists, had asked Mr. Attlee whether, "With a view to establishing freedom of the press in Britain" he will initiate such investigation, particularly in reference to the monopolistic tendencies in ownership of chains or groups of newspapers, and the influence of advertising and other financial interests on editorial policy."

Mr. Attlee said he had given careful consideration to the proposal, but did not see his way to adopt it.—Reuter.

Less Bread And Beer For Britain

London, May 1. From next week onwards, Britons will have to subsist on less bread and less beer, Sir Ben Smith, Food Minister, disclosed today, but to counter this news he also announced cuts in the price of butter and potatoes. Britain's key measure for economising on wheat—reduction in the size of loaves—will come into effect on Sunday next, the Minister said at his weekly press conference today.

The four-pound loaf will be reduced to 3½ pounds, the two-pound loaf to 1½ pounds, and the one-pound loaf to 14 ounces. Prices of the smaller loaves will remain the same as for the former large sizes.

However, Sir Ben said that in pursuance of the Government's determination to try to hold the cost of living steady, he was making arrangements to reduce the price of certain other foodstuffs. He proposed to reduce the price of potatoes and butter. These two changes would just

Byrnes Ready For A Showdown

Paris, May 1. Austria's claim for the return of South Tyrol—annexed by Italy in 1919—was turned down by the Big Four Foreign Ministers at their meeting today. They agreed, however, that if Austria forwarded a claim for a minor adjustment of the frontier, this would be considered.

The Italian and Yugoslav representatives will be invited to state their government's views on the problem of the Italo-Yugoslav frontier to the Foreign Ministers Conference on Friday. This was decided today when the conference tackled the thorny questions of the disputed frontier in the Venezia Giulia region, and of the future of the big port of Trieste. Four different frontier lines were recommended by members of the Four-Power Commission of Experts, which recently visited the region, and whose report was before the conference today.

Three of the proposed lines, it was authoritatively stated, are close to each other. The fourth, which differs considerably from the other three, is understood to have been recommended by the Soviet members of the Commission.

A Real Showdown
The United States delegation, headed by Mr. James Byrnes, Secretary of State, Senator Tom Connally, Chairman of the Foreign Relations Committee of the Senate, and Senator Arthur Vandenberg, leading Republican Foreign Affairs spokesman, has come to the conference of the "Big Four" Foreign Ministers here determined to have a real

showdown with the Russians. This is the real meaning behind the unexpected production by Mr. Byrnes yesterday of his draft of a 25-year Four-Power security treaty for ensuring the continued disarmament of Germany. It was learned on the highest authority in Paris tonight.

While the British delegation, reinforced by the consultation in London over the week-end between Mr. Ernest Bevin and the Dominions' Prime Ministers, is determined not to yield any vital Empire interests along the Mediterranean lifeline, President Truman is in full agreement with his Secretary of State that this conference shall not be a mere fencing match, dodging the real issues.

They are both determined that it shall not end by leaving the fundamental question of relations between Russia and the Western Powers unsettled, or at least unclear.

The Challenge
The American draft treaty for the disarmament of Germany was not on the agenda of the conference, and if it was brought into the discussion at all, the normal time would appear to have been later, when Germany comes up for consideration.

Mr. Byrnes has decided to ignore formal procedures and put his treaty on the conference table at an early stage. The preamble of this treaty marks an historic evolution of American foreign policy, and pledges the United States to take a permanent part in the maintenance of peace and order in Europe.

The treaty was submitted to the Soviet Union, Britain and France last summer, but no response has been forthcoming from the Russians. In placing the document not only before the conference, but before a public Mr. Byrnes' intention, it is learned in high authority here, was to say clearly to the Russians, "Do you want security or isolation? Are you at last willing to come in with us, or do you want to continue playing a lone hand?" In the American delegation's view, the United States draft treaty offers Russian full security.—Reuter.

Operation Stork In Reverse

Berlin, May 1. Twenty thousand women and children, who were evacuated to the country from Berlin last fall in "Operation Stork" to escape the rigours of winter in the pulverized capital of the Reich, have begun to return to their homes.

The first trainload of 700 children left Osnabruck for Berlin last night. Trains will run on a daily schedule until the returns have been completed.

A prominent staff of doctors and nurses will travel with the children who will receive hot meals and blankets.—Reuter.

ALEXANDRIA RIOT

Alexandria, Egypt, May 1. Twelve University students were yesterday reported injured and three seriously when the police fired into a crowd in an attempt to break up a demonstration here.

The students struck in protest to a published report that Britain would retain control of four airports in Egypt.

Premier Ismail Sidki Pasha told reporters after hearing of the demonstration that the report on the airports was not true.—Associated Press.

"FLAGRANT INJUSTICE"

Madrid, May 1. The Falangist newspaper "Arriba" today described the United Nations Security Council's decision to appoint a sub-committee to investigate Polish charges against Spain as a "flagrant injustice and a violation of ethics and law."

The Spanish Foreign Office had no comment.—Reuter.

Demobbed

London, May 1. Great Britain demobilized about 880,000 men and women from her armed forces in February and released over 200,000 from armament jobs. The armed forces now total 3,123,000 personnel.—Associated Press.

Empire And Pacific Defences

London, May 1. America's desire to establish permanent bases in the Pacific for security purposes has been the subject of stories and editorial comments in London newspapers in connection with the meeting of the British Commonwealth representatives.

The "Daily Mail" said the session had been called to consider Empire and defence problems and probably to examine the creation of a wider spreading of essential defence problems and because of the exposed position of British industry.

The "Mail" asserted that the view of the Empire conference seems to favour joint consideration of American wishes for permanent Pacific bases and a mutual defence plan.

"The Times" declared editorially: "It would promise ill for future international security if formulas covering the operation and control of Pacific bases were not to be found. But there seems to be no fear that this will be the case."—Associated Press.

WHAT A SPY MAY SEND

Washington, May 1. The Supreme Court of the United States refused to review a Lower Court ruling which the Department of Justice contended adversely affects efforts to guard atomic energy secrets and other scientific discoveries that are useful in the national defence.

The Department of Justice appealed against the ruling that a naturalized American did not violate the Espionage Acts when he sent to Germany information obtained from magazines, books, newspapers and other public sources. The ruling was given by a United States Circuit Court in New York City.

It found that there was no violation because the armed forces of the United States had not withheld the information from the public. The Department declared that the ruling permits spies to collect and transmit without inhibition information connected with the national defence which, while in the public domain, should not be given passage beyond our shores.

"Thus," the Department said, "if the government, through inadvertence or choice, fails to withhold information related to national defence and that information finds its way into public presses, a foreign espionage agent is fully authorized to transmit it to his employer, whatever his had intentions."

If this ruling stands, officials in charge of national security may be forced to impose stricter bans on defence information, the Department added.

The ruling was given in the case of Edmund Carl Heine, a native of Germany accused of sending to Germany in 1940 information about American aircraft, automobiles and other industries. He was convicted in the United States District Court in New York, that Tribunal's decision was reversed by the United States Circuit Court.—Associated Press.

ENSA STAR THEATRE

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BRITISH (SYDNEY) CENTRE REVUE
Starring

Joe Lawman

BARBARA JAMES JOY ROBINS
KARINSKA & VADIE

(AUSTRALIAN DANCING STARS)

DOT HUBNER and MAJORIE PROWSE

Wilfrid Thomas

COMMENCING

MONDAY, 29th APRIL AT 7.30 P. M.

EACH SERVICEMAN MAY BRING ONE CIVILIAN GUEST.

China Fleet Club Theatre

(GLOUCESTER ROAD, HONG KONG)

presents

"STARS IN BATTLE DRESS"

(By the courtesy of E.N.S.A.)

TO-NIGHT AT 7.30 P.M.

(Service personnel may bring one civilian guest)

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TRAVELLERS CHEQUES

Travellers Cheques can once again be issued in the following denominations:—

U.S. Dollars	\$10	\$20	\$50	\$100
Sterling	£2	£5	£10	

Insure your travel funds by carrying

AMERICAN EXPRESS TRAVELLERS CHEQUES

No exchange permit required for Sterling—Travellers Cheques

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METROPOLE DANCE RESTAURANT

Where perfect cuisine, delightful surroundings, and sparkling entertainment combine to make every evening a time for jollity and pleasure.

Migull Lq and his Orchestra on the stand dispensing the latest in Swing rhythm and the tops of the tunes.

Be sure to book your seats—Tel. 31171-2

6th Floor, 10 Queen's Road, Central.

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FOR EACH ADDITIONAL
INSERTION. ADDITIONAL
WORDS 10 CTS. PER WORD
PER INSERTION

\$2

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offices for Box Nos. 47, 62.

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PEDRO has successfully trained
people from every walk of life to
dance with ease and grace. Only
Pedro-System can help you to
dance with confidence. It has
helped others. It can also help
you. 22, Des Voeux Road, 2nd
floor.

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CANTONESE AND MANDARIN
lessons given in group or private
by expert teacher with young
lady assistants. Moderate charges.

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**MEN'S SECOND-HAND
JACKETS and TROUSERS**
Suitable for Hongkong trade
at FOUR SHILLINGS each.
Thousands shipped to Middle
East.

Quick shipment of pressed bale
of one thousand assorted gar-
ments.

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payment of any quantity on an
English Bank.

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Kowloon.
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Opticians
P. M. Wright, D.O.S. (U.S.A.)
Optometrist-in-Charge
563, Nathan Rd., Kowloon.

SHIPPING MOVEMENTS

Arrivals

Yesterday:—U.S.S. Los Ange-
les, Boxer, Antietam, Vesole,
Parks, Bordelon, Norris, Leary,
Currier, Dyess, Spangler and
Itaby. H.M.S. Euryalus from
Saigon and S.S. Kut Sang from
Singapore.

Scheduled Arrivals

Tomorrow:—S.S. Fuyo Maru
from Saigon and U.S. L.S.T. 226
and 959.

Departures

Yesterday:—H.M.S. Argonaut
for Singapore and U.K. RFA
Erin for Singapore and U.S.S.
Obstructor for Hainan.

Scheduled Departures

Today:—S.S. Sam Dauntless
for Milke.

LAMBERT BROS.

Auctioneers, Surveyors
and Appraisers,
Pedder Building,
Telephone No. 20224.

PUBLIC AUCTION

The Undersigned have re-
ceived instructions from The
Custodian of Property to sell by
Public Auction on

Friday, the 3rd. May, 1946.

commencing at 10.30 a.m.

at the Premises of
The China Provident Godowns
39/40, West Point
55 LOTS OF
MISCELLANEOUS GOODS,
comprising:—

Gunny Bags and Strips,
Knoles,
Rattan,
Lime,
Galvanized Wire,
Newsprint Scrap,
Shovels and Picks,
Nails,
Frying Pans
and
Iron Bands and Clips
Etc., Etc.

The above premises will be
open to inspection on 1st. and
2nd. May, 1946, between
10.00 a.m. and noon, and
between 2.00 p.m. and 4 p.m.

The Auction is subject to the
Conditions of Sale published in
the 9th. March, 1946, issue of
the Gazette.

LAMBERT BROS.
Auctioneers.

Municipal Council
Planned

(Continued from Page 1)

Civil Administration, that Civil
Administration under whose negli-
gence this great city and this flourishing
port has been built up from a
barren rock during the last hun-
dred years.

A Great Bond

"To you, Sir, personally I would
say this. Those of us who were
privileged to form the occupa-
tional force were also fortunate
enough to have come through the
long six years of war comparatively
unscathed. Unlike yourself we
did not have to undergo the or-
deal of being a Prisoner in Japa-
nese hands. We all know the
fortitude and determined courage
with which you faced that ordeal
and we welcome you back—restored
and ready to go forward from
where we have left off. But your
ordeal has given you at least one
advantage over those of us who
were fortunate enough to escape
it. You are in a better position
than we have been to understand
not only those who were similarly
prisoners of war and civilian
prisoners but also those who had to
endure the Japanese occupation of
their city—namely free but
without any of the protection that
the camps afforded. The ordeal
you have passed through will give
you a great bond with the in-
habitants of this Colony.

Plans For Future

"Whilst we here in Hong Kong
have been wrestling with the im-
mediate problems that confront
the colony, I know that your Ex-
cellency in London has been at
work in conjunction with His Ma-
jesty's government making plans
for the future and in particular
plans for the development of Self
Government in Hong Kong. Your
return therefore has been eagerly
awaited.

"To your administration I would
say that we of the Military Ad-
ministration have done our best
not only to provide first aid for
this stricken territory but to lay
the foundations for a full return
to permanent health. We sincerely
believe that, added by past ex-
perience, you, Sir, will lead the
Colony on to greater achievements
in the sphere of politics, econ-
omies and social welfare. We are
convinced, moreover, that the sense
of deliverance from an intolerable
yoke, already instilled in us by
Admiral Harcourt, will be con-
solidated under your administra-
tion.

Loyalty And Support

In surviving the grim ordeal
of the war years, the people of
Hong Kong have learned the true
meaning of the famous saying of
Mencius about the difference be-
tween subduing men by force and
subduing them by virtue, and have
thus learned to appreciate the
difference between dictatorship
and democracy. We trust that
the Government will maintain a
sympathetic understanding of the
sufferings and hardships which
the people have undergone and
that its policy will, as in the past,
enable them to live and trade in
peace and contentment. We on
our part, assure you, Sir, of our
loyalty, co-operation and support,
and pray that your wise leader-
ship will inaugurate an era of
progress and harmony. We now
wish you every success in your
administration. May prosper-
ity and plenty descend upon
Hong Kong.

Step By Step

"And now the time has come
to hand over to your Excellency
the Civil Administration. Your
administration has not yet
either the personnel or the equip-
ment to stand entirely on its
own feet and the assistance of
the three services will be available
as heretofore until you can take
over fully. This will be accom-
plished step by step. Hong Kong
has a grand future before it—
great opportunities and of course
consequently great responsibilities.
May I wish Your Excellency and
Your Administration and all the
great multitude who look to you
for guidance but who have in
themselves such a fund of re-
sourcefulness, initiative, good hu-
mour and capacity for hard work
—may I wish you all every suc-
cess.

Residents' Welcome

An address of welcome on be-
half of the residents of Hong
Kong was then read by Sir Robert
Ho Tung, and delivered in
Chinese. The English text, read
by the Hon. Mr. Leo d'Almeida,
was as follows: "It is with a
great sense of honour and good
fortune that we, representing the
residents of this Colony, are
gathered here on this historic oc-
casion to extend to you, Sir, a most
warm welcome on your return to
resurge your office of Governor
and Commander-in-Chief.
As we all recall, five years ago
this Colony was invaded by a
ruthless enemy. Even under
great odds, you, Sir, were deter-
mined to resist the invasion with
whatever force you had at your
command, strictly in accordance
with the teachings of the great
sages that to bend not to power
and force is one of the chief
virtues of a great man. Al-
though you, Sir, subsequently fell
into the hands of the enemy as a
prisoner-of-war and had, together
with more than a million other
citizens of this Colony, to submit
to his atrocious treatment, it is
these very misfortunes that
brought about among the allied
nations a stronger unity of pur-
sues and an undiminished spirit
of heroism, which eventually cul-
minated in our great victory. To

CLOSER AND CLOSER
TO A TRUCE

Nanking, May 1.

General George C. Marshall arrived here yesterday amid re-
ports that he is "getting closer and closer" to effecting
a truce between the National Government and the
Communists who are now bitterly engaged in Man-
churia.

General and Mrs. Marshall flew from Chungking and were
met at the airport by War Minister Chen Cheng and
Chief-of-Staff Ho Yin Chin. Sources close to Gen.
Marshall said that negotiations on Manchuria were pro-
ceeding in an optimistic atmosphere.

An informed source said it
would not be surprised to "see
results" in a few days.

"Everybody is approaching the
problem optimistically. There
have been six or seven schemes
proposed, all of which might
work and all are being explored.
We are getting closer and closer
to an agreement" but, he added,
the Manchurian situation gets
more critical daily.

General Ho, who is accused by
the Communists of being an
obstacle to Chinese unity, told
an Associated Press interviewer
that he was one of China's lead-

ing liberals and supporters of
democracy. He said that he of-
fered a formula in 1940 for a
general settlement of the Com-
munist differences which was ac-
cepted by the Communist leader,
Chou En-lai, but was rejected by
Yenan Associated Press.

Further Delay

Further negotiations for a
truce in Manchuria face con-
siderable delay as Communists
await new attacks predicted by
pro-government sources here.
Informed sources say that
Generalissimo Chiang Kai-shek
rejected the latest truce plan
because it would have left the
Communists 9/10th of Man-
churia.

They indicated they would
hold off until his First Army
has pushed North toward
Changchun.

The key provision of the cease
fire proposal is that both sides
remain in control of the areas
they hold, pending a peaceful
settlement of all issues.—Asso-
ciated Press.

HOOVER IN SHANGHAI

Shanghai, May 1.
Former United States Presi-
dent Herbert Hoover arrived
from Manila yesterday.
Hoover conferred with the
American Consul-General on the
Chinese famine conditions.—
Associated Press.

SHANGHAI EXCHANGE

Shanghai, May 1.
Closing quotations today were:
Gold per ounce, Buying
CN\$465.00, Selling CN\$467.00.
U.S. dollars (unofficial market):
Buying CN\$232.00, Selling
CN\$236.00.
H.K. dollars: Buying CN\$440,
Selling CN\$460.—Associated
Press.

Manila, May 1.
Lieut. General Takashi Kono
was convicted by the United
States Military Commission here
today for the responsibility of an
estimated 25,000 to 30,000 civilian
deaths on Panay Island during the
time that he was the commanding
officer of that area, and was sen-
tenced to hang. Day of execution
has not yet been fixed.—Associated
Press.

F. P. Franklin, H. Brokenshire, D. F.
Landale, C. Taylor, J. K. Swire, E.
G. Price, John Scott, P. Frost, C. B.
Benson, W. W. Knight, C. J. B.
A. W. Brown, O. B. E., G. L. Wilson,
A. J. W. Evans, R. G. Craig, E. R.
Hill, M. P. Key, O. B. E., I. W. She-
ppard, W. Chick, A. B. Haworth, H. E.
Stuart, H. Gray, G. J. J. Cameron,
B. C. Field, R. E. Farrell, S. F. Chubb,
D. E. Clark, E. J. R. Mitchell, A.
Hawkins, G. Forster, N. O. MacGregor,
J. W. D. C. Hale, K. Adams, E. D.
H. Blake, E. B. C. Brooks, D. R.
Evans, R. A. Wadson, D. L. Ballantine,
P. A. Howard, S. B. Church, F. Groves,
R. R. Pearson, J. Vincent, P. H.
Joanessman, P. J. Vincent, J. J. J.
Wyllie, L. Dunbar, T. B. Wilson, J. C.
Clarke, R. D. Gillespie, A. Ritchie, J.
Fleming, C. Blaker, G. Makin, A. L.
S. Read, A. B. Mackintosh, J. H.
McIntyre, P. O. Murray, D. C. Miller,
E. H. Jones, J. Moulden, J. Finnie,
A. Duff, V. Kendrick, W. Massocks, J. H.
Rutledge, M. A. da Silva, Dhan Rutledge,
C. d'Almeida, E. L. Arculli, H. A.
Le D. B. B. C. O. J. Adams, P. P.
de V. Soares, Chan Man Chi, Dr. S. N.
Chau, T. N. Chau, O. B. E., Chau Shi-
ng, Sir Shouson Chow, Kt., Ho Kom Tong,
O. B. E., Ho Sing Chau, Sir Robert Ho
Tung, Kt., L. D., Ho Wing To, Lan
Chun, Kan Tong, Po. Kung Tsun, Sir
Robert Kotewall, Kt., O. M. O., L. L. D.,
Li Hoi Tung, Li Koon Chun, Li Ping, Li
To Kwai, Li Shing Koi, Li Yik Mui, M.
R. L. M. K. Che, O. B. E., M. W. Lo,
Lo Yek Tong, Luke Oi Wan, Ma Tai
Chiu, Mok Kon Sang, P. C. Mowfong,
Ng Wah, Ngan Shing Kwan, P. H. H.
Thomas Tam, Tach Woon Tong, Tang
Shiu Kiu, M. B. E., Tse Ka Po, Dr. S.
W. Tso, O. B. E., L. L. D., Tso Tsun On,
W. M. Wong, D. Wong Tsai, Major S.
M. Churn, Dr. Y. S. Wan, Au Ping
Kwong, Chan Kam Po, Chan Sin Ming,
Chan Yung Chai, Cheng Th. Yau, Dr.
Renaldi Ching, Y. K. Chow, Chung King
Pai, P. N. Chung, Mrs. Eu Tung Ben,
Fung Man Shi, Fung Ping Fan, Miss
Elaine Ho, Dr. Eva Ho, Miss Yenne Ho,
Ho Y. Ming, Lam Chik Sun, Lau Tsu
Ping, Dr. Edward Law, Miss Diane Law,
Leung Fat Tin, Leung Ju, Lo Ying Kwan,
Ma Shau Nam, Ma Sui Pin, Ng Chak
Wai, Ngai Siu Yuen, Shum Wai Yau, Tse
Wai Ping, To Hoi Yau, U. S. Wing,
Wai Man Wai, Wong Chi Po, Wong Kwok
Buen, Y. T. Yana, Yung Koon Man,
Chan Kwai Po, Chan Wei Sun, Chau Yu
Ning, Heng Chong, Hon Man Wai, Lu
Tak Lap, Y. K. Kan, Kwok Lam Po,
Lau Yek Wan, Henry Leong, H. K. Lee,
Li Tsung, Lo Ma Nung, H. S. Mok, Siu
Ho Ming, Dr. F. I. Sooner, Tang
Ching, Wai, Wong, Ching, Chung, Chung
Chun, Tse, Andrew Ching, Tin Shing
Lo, O. Y. Kwan, George She, Horace Lo,
Richard Lo, Y. P. Law, Yu Man Wan
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PALESTINE REPORT Keeping Peace In Armed Camp

German Disarmament

Washington, May 1.
Secretary of State James F. Byrnes' proposal for a four-power pact to insure German disarmament was described by diplomatic officials yesterday as designed to give the responsibility for the control of Germany to the nations most able to exercise it.

Officials said there was no conflict between Byrnes' proposal which has been developing for more than a year and the United Nations security system.

American officials have said privately for some time that one of the underlying fears of France, Britain and Russia is that the United States would pull out of the German control arrangements in the next few years and completely upset the balance of political forces on the continent.

There has been concern too that Britain and Russia might tend to establish conflicting spheres of influence in Europe whereas with American participation guaranteed they might be persuaded to steer away from such moves.—Associated Press.

British View

London, May 1.
A Foreign Office spokesman said yesterday that the British Government is not now fully supporting the American suggestions for a four-power alliance for Germany although it agreed in principle with the proposal.

Britain would prefer the subject to be made part of the agenda for general discussions, the spokesman said.—Associated Press.

Long Road Ahead

Paris, May 1.
Senator Arthur Vandenberg said yesterday that if the four powers accept Secretary of State Byrnes' proposal on a German disarmament treaty, he would "fight vigorously to put it through the Senate."

The Republican Senator added, however, that there is a long road ahead to get the treaty accepted.

Other members of the American delegation to the Foreign Ministers meeting said that Soviet Foreign Commissar Molotov had flatly opposed to any discussion of the treaty at this conference but that Byrnes would continue pushing to get it on the agenda.

Vandenberg said in a formal statement that "I completely support" the treaty.

"This is clearly the effective formula for dependable security against a renewal of Axis military aggression," he declared.

"Equally it is the formula to clear the air of false issues in mapping the post-war world."

"My conviction on this subject was presented to the Senate as long ago as my speech of January 10, 1945, and I have not

Bitter Strife Predicted

LONDON, MAY 1.
THE REPORT OF THE ANGLO-AMERICAN COMMISSION ON PALESTINE AND ITS RECOMMENDATIONS, WHICH WERE PUBLISHED TODAY, WERE STUDIED YESTERDAY BY THE BRITISH EMPIRE PRIME MINISTERS CONFERENCE AT 10 DOWNING STREET.

WHEN PRIME MINISTER CLEMENT ATTLEE AND HIS COLLEAGUES FROM AUSTRALIA, SOUTH AFRICA AND NEW ZEALAND SAT DOWN AT THE TABLE IN THE CABINET ROOM, THE PRINCIPAL ITEM ON THE AGENDA WAS THE CONTINUATION OF THEIR TALKS ON EMPIRE DEFENCE BUT IT IS UNDERSTOOD THAT FOLLOWING A SUGGESTION FROM THE BRITISH PRIME MINISTER, THE DELEGATES WERE INVITED TO OFFER THEIR VIEWS ON THE COMMISSION'S CONCLUSIONS.

A general discussion followed but no individual verdicts were given. The views expressed by the Prime Ministers have not been disclosed.

Well-informed quarters here today took the view that the Anglo-American report on Palestine leaves Britain with the full responsibility for maintaining law and order amid a situation whose explosive possibilities may actually be accelerated by the terms of the report.

It was stated that any British statement of policy would have to await a further study of the report. While there was no indication available tonight what line the Government planned to take in view of the Commission's unanimous recommendations, there was some uneasiness in London about the immediate future, which, it was felt, the report has done nothing to allay.

Whatever happens in the future, Britain will in the interim period have to keep the peace in a country which is an armed camp.

United States Secretary of State Mr. James Byrnes, and the British Foreign Secretary, Mr. Ernest Bevin, both in Paris for the Foreign Ministers' Conference, will undoubtedly have discussions on the subject but it was understood here that there was no indication at present of the United States official attitude.

It was emphasised that the granting of 100,000 immigration certificates did not mean that there would be no further immigration once they have been taken up. It was pointed out that this 100,000 represent an increase of 60 per cent. in the number of immigrants allowed when the Nazi persecution of Jews in Germany was at its height in 1935.

The 1937 Royal Commission recommended an admission of 1,000 Jews a month.

It was stated officially in London that the cost of maintaining law and order and protecting property in Palestine during 1940-1945 was £4,600,000.

change my mind.—Associated Press.

BAN ON GERMAN RESEARCH

Berlin, May 1.
The Allied Control Council has approved a new law banning German science from research in any military field and prescribing the death penalty for any serious violations.

Both applied nuclear physics and atomic experiments are specifically forbidden.

The decree also prohibits research in aerodynamics, rockets, jet propulsion, hydrodynamics, ship construction, radio-activity and electrical coding and decoding.

The drastic measure requires commanders of all four Allied zones to assume control over all German scientific endeavours to discover new laws of nature, compounds or materials.

German schools, institutes and commercial companies are within the scope of the law. The law also orders the dissolving of all technical undertakings of a military character and the destruction of military and scientific equipment. It stipulates that scientists who engaged in the development of weapons in the past are not subject to punishment on that score now.—Associated Press.

HEROISM OF MER. NAVY

London, May 1.
On a red draped platform on Wearside, Sunderland, today, Princess Elizabeth, heiress presumptive to the British throne, smashed a bottle of Australian wine against a new 12,000 ton oil tanker to launch the vessel and name her "British Princess."

Afterwards, in paying a tribute to the men of the Merchant Navy, the Princess said: "No greater heroism has ever been shown than by the men who served in oil tankers," and recalled that the British Tanker Company, to whose fleet the "British Princess" was the latest addition, lost 44 ships by enemy action during the war.—Reuter.

Commons Debate Health Bill

London, May 1.
Mr. Anoulin Bevan, Minister of Health, opened the House of Commons debate on the second reading of his 74-clause Health Bill, with the declaration of its basic principle that a person should not be deterred from seeking medical aid because of finances.

Mr. Richard Law, opposition critic, said Mr. Bevan could have brought in health proposals acceptable to all the House, but his actual plans are feared and distrusted by the majority of those required to make them work.

The Minister, he said, had set his own intuition and judgment against the most informed in the medical field and associated with hospital services.

Mr. Bevan said, in the first speech in the debate, which is expected to last three days, that the health of the people had not been looked after properly in many respects. The condition of British teeth was a "reproach to the nation."

Insufficient attention to deafness and provision of cheap hearing aids are conditions he hoped to rectify. Mr. Bevan said voluntary hospitals supported in the whole or part by private donations, had a long history of devotion and efficiency but had no relation to each other, and often tried to provide specialist services in areas where need was not great.

The Repugnant
He believed it was repugnant to a civilised community to have hospitals depend on charity. His decision was that voluntary hospitals be taken over and run with Government hospitals as a single service.

The sale of doctors' practice shall be banned, as it is desirable to have doctors better distributed. £50,000,000 will be provided for the compensation of doctors, who had anticipated selling practices. Doctors would not become civil servants, although they are expected to participate in the Government scheme for health centres.—Reuter.

INDIAN CROPS

New Delhi, May 1.
Indian troops are to work on cultivation of crops for three days in a week, to help the civil population in meeting the food shortage.

The suggestion, recently made by Mr. Gandhi to the Viceroy, Lord Wavell, has been accepted by the Military authorities.—Reuter.

Saw Musso's Body Stolen

Rome, May 1.
The Milan correspondent of the newspaper "Il Messaggero" reported yesterday that he had interviewed an unnamed woman who claimed to have witnessed the theft of Mussolini's remains during the night of April 23.

He quoted her as saying the ghoul was "four men of large size." While the three stood guard, the fourth, equipped with a gasmask and huge rubber gloves, opened the grave alone, he said.

"His manner indicated he had a certain familiarity with that macabre profession," she was quoted as saying.

The correspondent failed to explain why the woman, when she said that darkness prevented her from seeing everything, happened to be present but said she had given her information to the Milan police.

He said the body was now believed to be hidden in a village near Milan.—Associated Press.

Immigrants To U.S.

Bremen, May 1.
Four train-loads of European immigrants to the United States, the first since the war, arrived here yesterday after the first lap of their journey from the assembly areas in Berlin, Vienna, Frankfurt, Munich and Stuttgart.

They are mainly displaced persons who suffered under Nazi persecution. Many nationalities are represented including Austrians, Poles, Russians, Serbs, Latvians, Lithuanians and Estonians. The majority have relatives in the United States and all must prove that financial support is available to them. They are expected to sail from Bremerhaven on May 9.—Associated Press.

PRINCESS JULIANA'S BIRTHDAY

The Hague, May 1.
Princess Juliana of the Netherlands, who was 37 years old today, observed her birthday anniversary in Soestdijk Palace for the first time since before the war.

Flags were displayed throughout the country and many people wore sprigs of orange flowers or ribbons on their lapels.—Reuter.

STOP PRESS

2,000 GUINEAS

Newmarket, May 1.
The Two Thousand Guineas was won today by Happy Knight, Khalid was second and Radiotherapy, third. Thirteen ran. The betting was 23 to 1 Happy Knight, 100 to 30 Khalid and 100 to 6 Radiotherapy. Happy Knight won by four lengths. The winner, Happy Knight, is owned by Sir William Cooke, and is by Colombo out of Happy Morn. The Aga Khan's Khalid is by Hyperion out of Eclair. Mr. Tom Lilley's Radiotherapy is also by Hyperion out of Bellona. Gulf Stream started a 9 to 4 favourite.—Reuter.

SPORTS SECTION

U.S. Baseball

New York, May 1.
Bob Feller, fireballing right-hander of the Cleveland Indians, convinced 37,000 fans in the Yankee Stadium Tuesday that he was not slipping by hurling a no-hit game against the New York Yankees.

He walked five and struck out eleven as he duplicated his perfect opening day fame of 1940.

The Boston Red Sox shut out Detroit, 4 to 0, as Joe Dobson handily defeated the Tiger batters. Buddy Lewis of the Senators slammed out a double and drove in the winning run in the seventh, which enabled Washington to beat the Chicago White Sox, 3 to 2.

Philadelphia outslugged the St. Louis Browns to win, 12 to 8. Eight pitchers took part in the game.

American League Scores

	R.	H.	E.
Cleveland	1	7	2
New York	0	0	2
Detroit	0	8	0
Boston	4	8	0
Chicago	2	9	1
Washington	3	8	1
St. Louis	8	11	3
Philadelphia	12	10	0

The Chicago Cubs edged out Brooklyn, 2 to 1, in an eleven-inning run forced across when Dominic D'Alessandro walked with the bases loaded.

Pittsburgh defeated the Philadelphia Phillies, 4 to 1, with a three-run rally in the eighth.

National League Scores

	R.	H.	E.
Brooklyn	1	7	1
Chicago	2	12	0
Philadelphia	1	5	2
Pittsburgh	4	7	1
Boston-Cincinnati	postponed		
Wet grounds; New York-Louis	postponed		
Wet grounds; rain.—Associated Press.			

GOLF UPSET

Richmond, May 1.
Two second-round sensations in the English Amateur Golf Championship at the Royal Mid-Surrey course here today were the defeat of Arnold Bentley, holder, and J. F. Pennick, twice winner of the title.

Bentley, who is still suffering from the effects of influenza, entered only because as reigning champion he thought it right thing to do, and lost by six and five to A. W. Baker, 57-year-old London player.

Pennick was beaten at the tenth hole by Albert Hammer, a Bexhill railway signalman.—Reuter.

LOUIS-CONN FIGHT

New York, May 1.
Joe Louis, world's heavyweight champion, arrived from Indiana Tuesday and declared that he intended to carry the fight to Challenger Billy Conn all the way in their title bout June 19 at the Yankee Stadium.

Louis resumes training at his Pompton Lakes, N.J., camp Saturday. The champion weighs 216 pounds, having lost five pounds during two months of golf and road work in Indiana.—Associated Press.

Syracuse, N.Y., May 1.
Earl Harritt, 25-year-old Syracuse pitcher, hurled the first no-hit no-run game of the International League season on Tuesday, as the Chiefs defeated Buffalo, 5 to 0. Harritt, a former soldier, allowed only two batters to reach first base.—Associated Press.

London, May 1.
Steady Aim, who has been backed for the One Thousand Guineas on Friday, will not run. The filly injured herself in her box last night and is lame.—Reuter.

H.K. CRICKET

A Cricket Match has been arranged between the R.A.F. and the Rest of the Colony. This will take place on the Hong Kong Cricket Club Ground on Saturday and Sunday next, May 4th and 5th.

Some of the best of the R.A.F. Cricketers in the Colony are now on their way to the U.K., but it is hoped to field a fairly strong XI, which will be selected from the following:

P/Sgt. Reid (Capt), Cpl. Kenyon, A. C. Eve, L. A. C. Cooke, A. C. Gilling, F. L. Grace, C. Radham, L. A. C. Baxter, L. A. C. Allen, W. O. Walder, Sgt. Gross, L. A. C. Thomas.

Umpire, L. A. C. Tuck. Scorer, Sgt. Halman.

2,000 GUINEAS

London, May 1.
Victoria Club call-over on the Two Thousand Guineas tonight were: 2-1 Gulf Stream, 9-2 Khalid, 6 to 1 Aldis Damp, all offered. 100 to 7 Radiotherapy taken and offered. 12 to 1 Maharaja Kumar offered and taken. 83 to 1 Happy Knight offered 40 to 1 taken. 40 to 1 Mastic offered 60 to 1 taken 60 to 1 Oregon offered.—Reuter.

Arcadia, Cal., May 1.
A new half-mile record for two-year-old pacers was established here on Monday at the Santa Anita track as "Old Granddad" captured the first baby race of the Grand Circuit Harness Racing Meeting. Old Granddad stopped four furlongs in 1 minute 1 and 4 seconds. The former mark of 1 minute and 5 seconds was held by several horses.—Associated Press.

JAPAN CELEBRATES MAY DAY

Tokyo, May 1.
Japan's first May Day celebration in 11 years passed without incident but it brought a threat of a general strike by organized labour, seeking the formation of a Leftist Government.

In Tokyo, a great banner-waving crowd, estimated by the Provost Marshal at 400,000 persons, gathered in front of the Imperial Palace to sing, cheer and hear speeches demanding rights for workers.

The assembly dispersed and then marched through various sections of the city. Thousands paraded around the outside of buildings, while delegations of leaders of different groups and parties called upon Prime Minister Shidehara and visited General Douglas MacArthur and other officials.

The Kyodo News Agency reported there were no cases or incidents of violence. In Osaka (the next to largest city) 50,000 workers demanded minimum wages based on living costs, increased food rations for workers, participation in man-

agement and the establishment of a Democratic People's Front. By late afternoon, conditions were once again normal in Tokyo. Heavy American patrols returned to their barracks without having had to interfere with demonstrators or undue demonstrations.

Socialist Kanju Kato, in a Labour Committee Conference with Prime Minister Shidehara, brought up the general strike possibility as a possible reaction to the establishment of a single party Cabinet by the Right-Wing Liberals, the majority leading party in the new Diet, to succeed the resigned Shidehara Government. "The people may rise against it," warned Kato, "and this might take the form of a general strike."—Associated Press.

Nothing Left But Pavements!

London, May 1.
Sir Alfred J. Munnings, President of the Royal Academy, pleaded: "For God's sake give the artists a chance," after complaining that "real artists are unable to get canvas or brushes," at a luncheon of the British Artists Colour Manufacturers Association here today.

He charged that artists materials were being exported in too large quantities. The other day Sir Alfred made a vain search for a bottle of linseed oil to put the finishing touches to a picture he had in the Royal Academy; he related.

"At the Artists Club last night, Dame Laura Knight told me that there is going to be no flame white at all."

"There are some young men in England today—and I am in the position to tell you—who can paint as well as any of the other countries in any of these other countries who have produced the great artists. England has always produced the artists. We may be a nation of tradesmen but we ought to encourage the arts."—Reuter.

RADIO

THURSDAY, MAY 2, 1946.
STUDIO—HAL LORENZO AT THE PIANO

ZBW Hong Kong broadcasting on a frequency of 640 Kilocycles and from 12.30 to 1.30 p.m., 6.30 to 7.30, 8.00 to 8.15 p.m., and 9.15 to 11.00 p.m., also on 9.52 Megacycles.

H.K.T.
12.30 p.m.—Daily Programme Summary.
12.35 p.m.—Light and Humorous Variety.
1.00 p.m.—News and Announcements.
1.10 p.m.—Victor Silvester & His Ballroom Orchestra.
1.30 p.m.—Compositions of Ravel.
2.00 p.m.—Classical Music.
2.30 p.m.—Tune of Not So Long Ago.
7.00 p.m.—Melody Lingers On.—ENSA.
7.15 p.m.—Cootie Williams & His Orchestra with Earl Carroll (Vocal).
7.30 p.m.—Studio—Hal Lorenzo at the Piano.
8.00 p.m.—London Relay—News.
8.15 p.m.—Services Music Hall.—ENSA.
8.45 p.m.—Charles Sprick & His Orchestra and Frank Sinatra (Vocal).
9.15 p.m.—Reginald Dixon at the Organ.
9.30 p.m.—Irving Berlin Selections.
10.00 p.m.—London Relay—News.
10.30 p.m.—Orchestral Selections.
10.45 p.m.—Excerpt from Mozart—"The Magic Flute".
11.00 p.m.—Close Down.

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THURSDAY, MAY 2nd.—0800 Music On The Air; 0830 The News and Home News (BBC); 0645 Morning Star; 0700 Mail Call; 0730 Dance Music (BBC); 0800 The News and "From Today's Papers" (BBC); 0810 Programme Announcements; 0815 Globe Trot; 0845 Music From The Movies (BBC); 0930 The News and Home News (BBC); 0940 Programme Announcements; 0945 Tote a Tote; 1000 In Concert Style; 1030 Over To You; 1100 News Headlines; 1101 What It To You; 1130 Chappells Queens Hall Light Orchestra; 1200 News Headlines; 1201 Yours For The Asking; 1200 Hollywood Parade; 1230 The News (BBC); 1240 Handstand; 1400 Phil Green and his concert Orchestra; 1430 Music From The Opera; 1500 Comedy Caravan; 1530 Light Orchestral Concert; 1600 Programme for West African Forces; 1630 The News (BBC); 1645 Key-board Club; 1715 India and Ceylon Half Hour; 1745 Con. Session; 1800 Radio SEAC World and Home News; 1805 Heard Melodies Are Sweet; 1845 At Ease; 1900 Film and Theatre Music; 1930 ITMA (BBC); 2000 Appointment With Fear (BBC); 2030 Radio Newswear (BBC); 2045 Programme Announcements; 2050 Presses From; 2130 The News and Home News (BBC); 2145 Remember; 2200 Dance Music (SEAC); 2230 Close Down.

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